

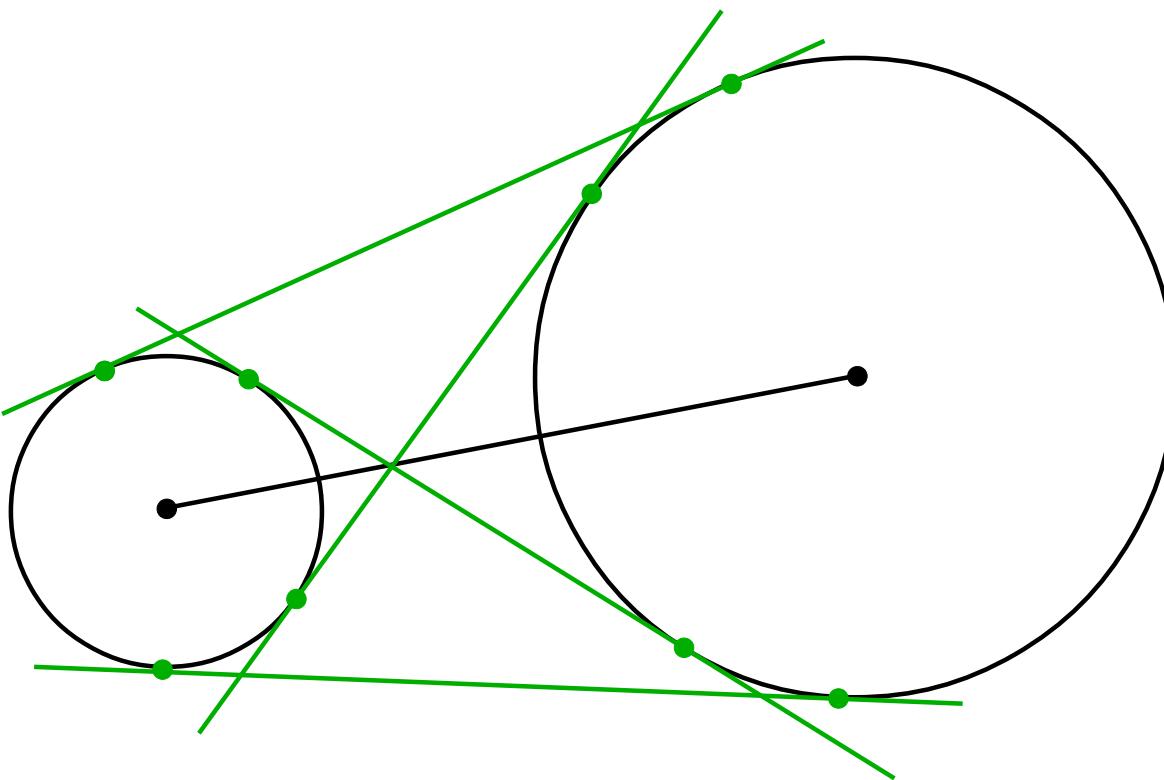
Gemeinsame Tangenten zweier Kreise

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November 2023

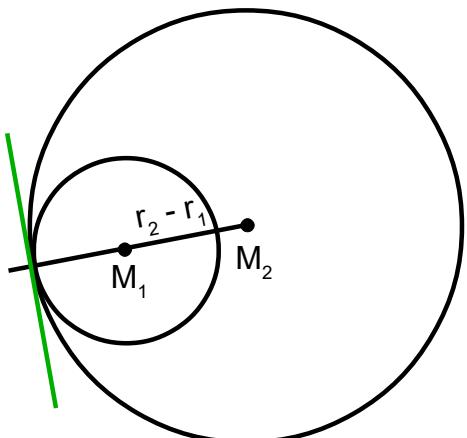
Aufgabe :

Zu zwei gegebenen Kreisen $K_{M_1 r_1}$, $K_{M_2 r_2}$ mit $r_1 < r_2$ sollen die Berührpunkte aller gemeinsamen Tangenten bestimmt werden !



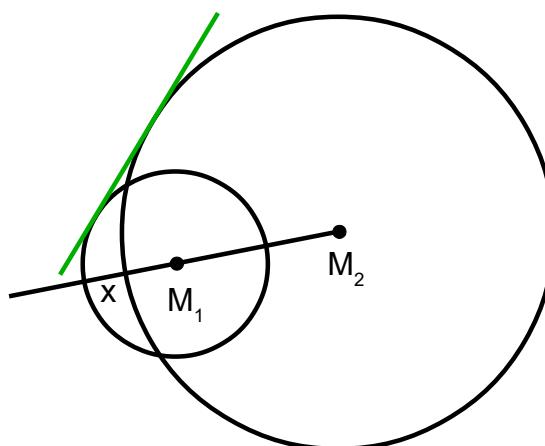
Fallunterscheidungen :

I.



$$r_2 - r_1 = |\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}| < r_2$$

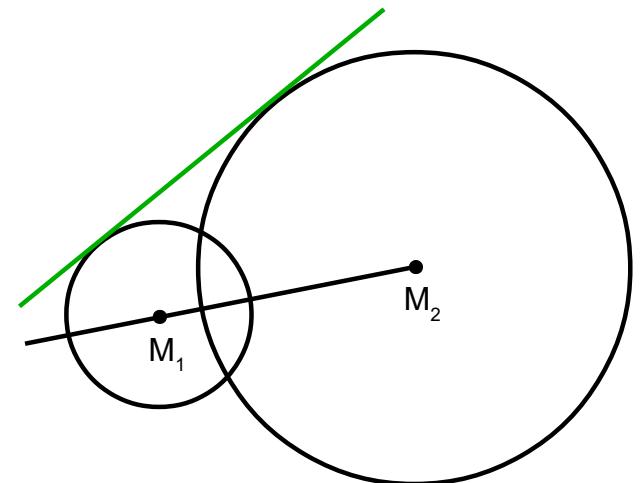
II.



$$r_2 < r_1 + |\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}|$$

$$r_2 - r_1 < |\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}| < r_2$$

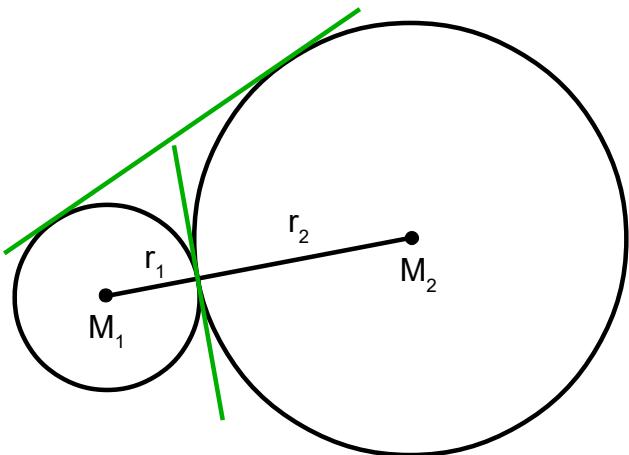
III.



$$r_2 \leq |\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}| < r_2 + r_1$$

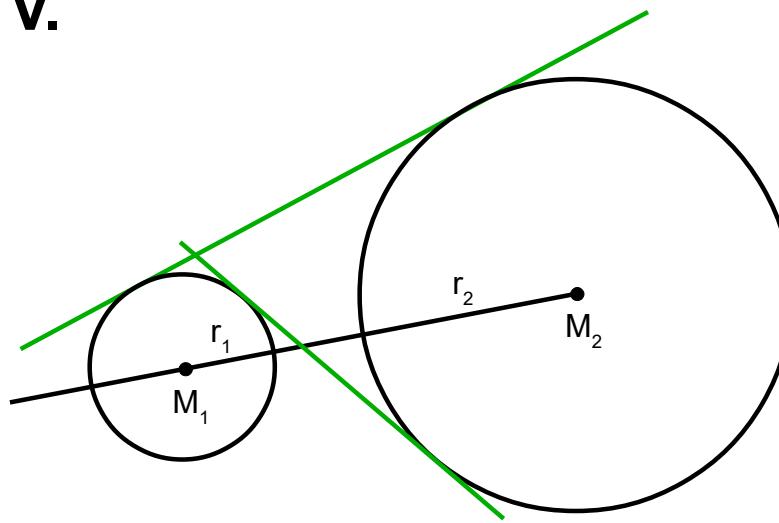
Fallunterscheidungen :

IV.



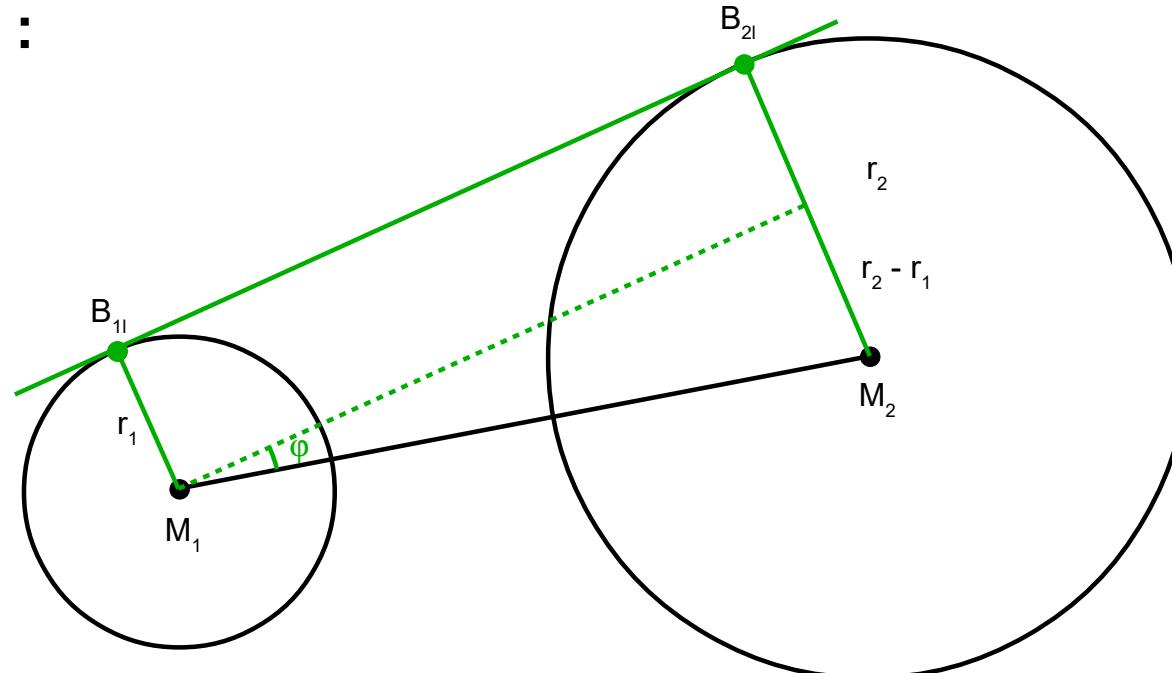
$$r_2 + r_1 = |\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}|$$

V.



$$r_2 + r_1 < |\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}|$$

Zu I., II., III. :



$$\sin(\varphi) = \frac{r_2 - r_1}{|\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}|} = \frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} \quad \text{mit} \quad D := |\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}|$$

$$\cos(\varphi) = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(\varphi)} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{(r_2 - r_1)^2}{D^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D}$$

Also

$$\sin(\varphi) = \frac{\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1}{D}$$

$$D := |\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}|$$

$$\cos(\varphi) = \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2}}{D}$$

Darstellung der „linken“ Berührpunkte B_{1l} , B_{2l} :

Setze : $\vec{u} := \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$ Einheitsvektor von M_1 nach M_2

$$B_{1l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1l}} \\ y_{B_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) & -\sin(\varphi+90^\circ) \\ \sin(\varphi+90^\circ) & \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{2l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2l}} \\ y_{B_{2l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) & -\sin(\varphi+90^\circ) \\ \sin(\varphi+90^\circ) & \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{1I} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1I}} \\ y_{B_{1I}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\varphi) & -\cos(\varphi) \\ \cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{2I} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2I}} \\ y_{B_{2I}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\varphi) & -\cos(\varphi) \\ \cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{1I} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1I}} \\ y_{B_{1I}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} & -\frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D} \\ \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D} & -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$$

$$B_{2I} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2I}} \\ y_{B_{2I}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} & -\frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D} \\ \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D} & -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$$

Im Weiteren folgen einige Vereinfachungen :

$$B_{1I} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1I}} \\ y_{B_{1I}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2} & -(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1) \end{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}$$

$$B_{2I} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2I}} \\ y_{B_{2I}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2} & -(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1) \end{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}$$

$$B_{1I} : \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1I}} \\ y_{B_{1I}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2} & -(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}}$$

$$B_{2I} : \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2I}} \\ y_{B_{2I}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1)^2} & -(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}}$$

Darstellung der „rechten“ Berührpunkte B_{1r} , B_{2r} :

$$B_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(-(\varphi+90^\circ)) & -\sin(-(\varphi+90^\circ)) \\ \sin(-(\varphi+90^\circ)) & \cos(-(\varphi+90^\circ)) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(-(\varphi+90^\circ)) & -\sin(-(\varphi+90^\circ)) \\ \sin(-(\varphi+90^\circ)) & \cos(-(\varphi+90^\circ)) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) & \sin(\varphi+90^\circ) \\ -\sin(\varphi+90^\circ) & \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) & \sin(\varphi+90^\circ) \\ -\sin(\varphi+90^\circ) & \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) & \sin(\varphi+90^\circ) \\ -\sin(\varphi+90^\circ) & \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) & \sin(\varphi+90^\circ) \\ -\sin(\varphi+90^\circ) & \cos(\varphi+90^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \\ -\cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \\ -\cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

Wegen $\sin(\varphi) = \frac{r_2 - r_1}{D}$, $\cos(\varphi) = \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D}$, $\vec{u} := \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$:

$$B_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \\ -\cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \\ -\cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$B_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} & \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D} & -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{M_1 M_2} \\ D \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} & \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2}}{D} & -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{M_1 M_2} \\ D \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_2 - r_1) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} & -\frac{r_2 - r_1}{D} \end{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}$$

$$B_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_2 - r_1) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} & -(r_2 - r_1) \end{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}$$

$$B_{1r} : \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_2 - r_1) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} & -(r_2 - r_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}}$$

$$B_{2r} : \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_2 - r_1) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} & -(r_2 - r_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}}$$

Zusammenfassende Darstellung der Berührpunktpaare B_{1l} , B_{2l} und B_{1r} , B_{2r} zu I., II., III.:

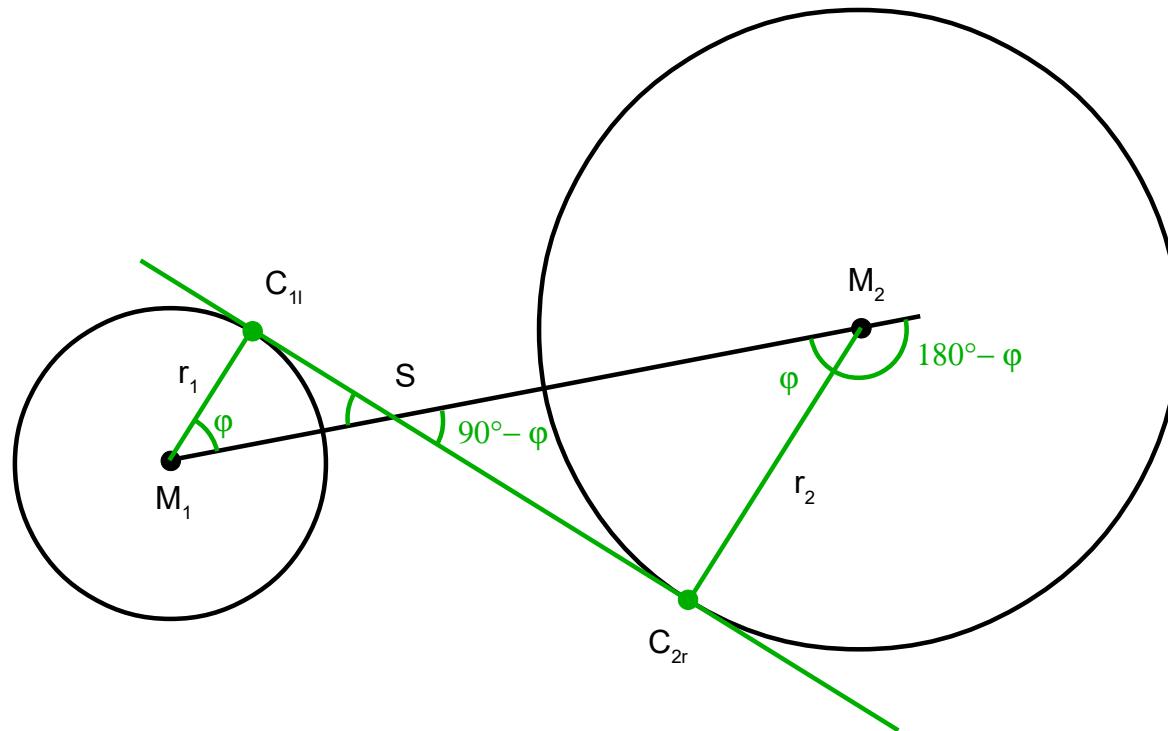
$$B_{1l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1l}} \\ y_{B_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_2 - r_1) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} & -(r_2 - r_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B_{2l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2l}} \\ y_{B_{2l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_2 - r_1) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} & -(r_2 - r_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{1r}} \\ y_{B_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_2 - r_1) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} & -(r_2 - r_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \vec{x}_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{B_{2r}} \\ y_{B_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_2 - r_1) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_2 - r_1)^2} & -(r_2 - r_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \vec{x}_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Zu IV., V. :



Nach dem **2. Strahlensatz** wird die Strecke $\overline{M_1M_2}$ im Verhältnis $\frac{r_2}{r_1}$
aufgeteilt, das heißt $|\overrightarrow{M_1S}| = \frac{r_1}{r_1+r_2} |\overrightarrow{M_1M_2}|$, $|\overrightarrow{SM_2}| = \frac{r_2}{r_1+r_2} |\overrightarrow{M_1M_2}|$.

$$|\overrightarrow{M_1S}| = \frac{r_1}{r_1+r_2} |\overrightarrow{M_1M_2}| , \quad |\overrightarrow{SM_2}| = \frac{r_2}{r_1+r_2} |\overrightarrow{M_1M_2}|$$

$$\cos(\varphi) = \frac{r_1}{|\overrightarrow{M_1S}|} = \frac{r_1}{\frac{r_1}{r_1+r_2} |\overrightarrow{M_1M_2}|} = \frac{r_1+r_2}{|\overrightarrow{M_1M_2}|}$$

$$\cos(\varphi) = \frac{r_1+r_2}{|\overrightarrow{M_1M_2}|}$$

$$D := |\overrightarrow{M_1M_2}|$$

$$\boxed{\cos(\varphi) = \frac{r_1+r_2}{D}}$$

$$\boxed{\sin(\varphi) = \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2}}{D}}$$

Darstellung der Berührpunkte C_{1l} , C_{2r} :

Setze : $\vec{u} := \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$ Einheitsvektor von M_1 nach M_2

$$C_{1l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1l}} \\ y_{C_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \\ \sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2r}} \\ y_{C_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(-(180^\circ - \varphi)) & -\sin(-(180^\circ - \varphi)) \\ \sin(-(180^\circ - \varphi)) & \cos(-(180^\circ - \varphi)) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{1l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1l}} \\ y_{C_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \\ \sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2r}} \\ y_{C_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(180^\circ - \varphi) & \sin(180^\circ - \varphi) \\ -\sin(180^\circ - \varphi) & \cos(180^\circ - \varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{1l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1l}} \\ y_{C_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \\ \sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2r}} \\ y_{C_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(180^\circ - \varphi) & \sin(180^\circ - \varphi) \\ -\sin(180^\circ - \varphi) & \cos(180^\circ - \varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{1l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1l}} \\ y_{C_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \\ \sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2r}} \\ y_{C_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\cos(\varphi) & \sin(\varphi) \\ -\sin(\varphi) & -\cos(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{1l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1l}} \\ y_{C_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} r_1 + r_2 & -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & r_1 + r_2 \end{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}$$

$$C_{2r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2r}} \\ y_{C_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_1 + r_2) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & -(r_1 + r_2) \end{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}$$

$$C_{1l} : \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1l}} \\ y_{C_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} r_1 + r_2 & -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & r_1 + r_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}}$$

$$C_{2r} : \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2r}} \\ y_{C_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_1 + r_2) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & -(r_1 + r_2) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}}$$

Darstellung der Berührpunkte C_{1r} , C_{2l} :

Setze : $\vec{u} := \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$ Einheitsvektor von M_1 nach M_2

$$C_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1r}} \\ y_{C_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(-\varphi) & -\sin(-\varphi) \\ \sin(-\varphi) & \cos(-\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{2l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2l}} \\ y_{C_{2l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(180^\circ - \varphi) & -\sin((180^\circ - \varphi)) \\ \sin((180^\circ - \varphi)) & \cos(180^\circ - \varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1r}} \\ y_{C_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi) & \sin(\varphi) \\ -\sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{2l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2l}} \\ y_{C_{2l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \\ \sin(\varphi) & -\cos(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \vec{u}$$

$$C_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1r}} \\ y_{C_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{r_1+r_2}{D} & \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2}}{D} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2}}{D} & \frac{r_1+r_2}{D} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$$

$$C_{2l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2l}} \\ y_{C_{2l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + r_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{r_1+r_2}{D} & -\frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2}}{D} \\ \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2}}{D} & -\frac{r_1+r_2}{D} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$$

$$C_{1r} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1r}} \\ y_{C_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} r_1+r_2 & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2} & r_1+r_2 \end{bmatrix} \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$$

$$C_{2l} : \begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2l}} \\ y_{C_{2l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_1+r_2) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1+r_2)^2} & -(r_1+r_2) \end{bmatrix} \frac{\overrightarrow{M_1 M_2}}{D}$$

$C_{1r} :$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1r}} \\ y_{C_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} r_1 + r_2 & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & r_1 + r_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$C_{2l} :$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2l}} \\ y_{C_{2l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_1 + r_2) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & -(r_1 + r_2) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Bemerkung :

Die Darstellung der Berührpunktpaare B_{1l} , B_{2l} bzw. B_{1r} , B_{2r} ist wie in den Fällen I., II., III. .

Zusammenfassende Darstellung der Berührpunktpaare C_{1l} , C_{2r} und C_{1r} , C_{2l} zu den Fällen IV., V.:

$C_{1l} :$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1l}} \\ y_{C_{1l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} r_1 + r_2 & -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & r_1 + r_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$C_{2r} :$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2r}} \\ y_{C_{2r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_1 + r_2) & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & -(r_1 + r_2) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$C_{1r} :$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{1r}} \\ y_{C_{1r}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_1}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} r_1 + r_2 & \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & r_1 + r_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$C_{2l} :$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{C_{2l}} \\ y_{C_{2l}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} \\ y_{M_2} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{r_2}{D^2} \begin{bmatrix} -(r_1 + r_2) & -\sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} \\ \sqrt{D^2 - (r_1 + r_2)^2} & -(r_1 + r_2) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{M_2} - x_{M_1} \\ y_{M_2} - y_{M_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Anhang :

Symmetrien der Trigonometrischen Funktionen :

$$\sin(-\alpha) = -\sin(\alpha)$$

$$\cos(-\alpha) = \cos(\alpha)$$

Additionstheoreme :

$$\sin(\alpha+\beta) = \sin(\alpha)\cos(\beta) + \cos(\alpha)\sin(\beta)$$

$$\sin(\alpha-\beta) = \sin(\alpha)\cos(\beta) - \cos(\alpha)\sin(\beta)$$

$$\cos(\alpha+\beta) = \cos(\alpha)\cos(\beta) - \sin(\alpha)\sin(\beta)$$

$$\cos(\alpha-\beta) = \cos(\alpha)\cos(\beta) + \sin(\alpha)\sin(\beta)$$

$$\sin(\varphi + 90^\circ) = \sin(\varphi)\cos(90^\circ) + \cos(\varphi)\sin(90^\circ) = \cos(\varphi)$$

$$\cos(\varphi + 90^\circ) = \cos(\varphi)\cos(90^\circ) - \sin(\varphi)\sin(90^\circ) = -\sin(\varphi)$$

$$\sin(-(\varphi + 90^\circ)) = -(\sin(\varphi)\cos(90^\circ) + \cos(\varphi)\sin(90^\circ)) = -\cos(\varphi)$$

$$\cos(-(\varphi + 90^\circ)) = \cos(\varphi)\cos(90^\circ) - \sin(\varphi)\sin(90^\circ) = -\sin(\varphi)$$

$$\sin(90^\circ - \varphi) = \sin(90^\circ)\cos(\varphi) - \cos(90^\circ)\sin(\varphi) = \cos(\varphi)$$

$$\cos(90^\circ - \varphi) = \cos(90^\circ)\cos(\varphi) + \sin(90^\circ)\sin(\varphi) = \sin(\varphi)$$

$$\sin(-(90^\circ - \varphi)) = -\sin(90^\circ)\cos(\varphi) + \cos(90^\circ)\sin(\varphi) = -\cos(\varphi)$$

$$\cos(-(90^\circ - \varphi)) = \cos(90^\circ)\cos(\varphi) + \sin(90^\circ)\sin(\varphi) = \sin(\varphi)$$

$$\sin(180^\circ - \varphi) = \sin(180^\circ)\cos(\varphi) - \cos(180^\circ)\sin(\varphi) = \sin(\varphi)$$

$$\cos(180^\circ - \varphi) = \cos(180^\circ)\cos(\varphi) + \sin(180^\circ)\sin(\varphi) = -\cos(\varphi)$$

Drehung eines Vektors $\vec{u} = \begin{pmatrix} x_u \\ y_u \end{pmatrix}$ **in mathematisch positiver Richtung um den Winkel** φ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi) & -\sin(\varphi) \\ \sin(\varphi) & \cos(\varphi) \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_u \\ y_u \end{pmatrix}$$